#### Introduction to the Grammar of Graphics

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Math 141, 1/28/22

# Outline

In this lecture, we will...

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- Motivate intentional data visualization
- Discuss the Grammar of Graphics
- Decompose particular graphics using the GG paradigm

# Section 1

Data Visualization

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- Humans are best at finding patterns in visual media.
- Graphs allow us to compare and explore relationships between variables.
- Most importantly, graphs tell a compelling story.

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- After a two hour conference call, the engineer's recommendation was overruled due to lack of persuasive evidence and the launch proceeded.
- The Challenger exploded 73 seconds into launch.

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# With Context

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# Section 2

# The Grammar of Graphics

# The Guiding Principle

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| <u>data</u>     | <u>aesthetics</u> | geometric object |
|-----------------|-------------------|------------------|
| Planet Name     | x position        | bar              |
| Planet Diameter | y height          | bar              |
| Planet Name     | color             | bar              |

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- guide: a legend to help user convert visual display back to the data

# Plotting the Planets

#### Consider the planets data frame, planets\_df:

| name    | type               | diameter | rotation | rings | distance |
|---------|--------------------|----------|----------|-------|----------|
| Mercury | Terrestrial planet | 0.382    | 58.64    | FALSE | 0.4      |
| Venus   | Terrestrial planet | 0.949    | -243.02  | FALSE | 0.7      |
| Earth   | Terrestrial planet | 1.000    | 1.00     | FALSE | 1.0      |
| Mars    | Terrestrial planet | 0.532    | 1.03     | FALSE | 1.5      |
| Jupiter | Gas giant          | 11.209   | 0.41     | TRUE  | 5.2      |
| Saturn  | Gas giant          | 9.449    | 0.43     | TRUE  | 9.5      |
| Uranus  | Gas giant          | 4.007    | -0.72    | TRUE  | 19.2     |
| Neptune | Gas giant          | 3.883    | 0.67     | TRUE  | 30.1     |

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Describe how to create a plot of distance vs. diameter.

### Plotting the Planets

```
ggplot(data = planets_df, mapping = aes(x = distance, y = diameter)) +
geom_point()
```



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- Ø What are the variables here?
- What **geom** are the variables mapped to?
- What are the aesthetics of the geom? Which variable sets the value of that aesthetic?
- What additional context does this graphic provide?

#### Example 1 Graphic

#### The Three Types Of Anne Hathaway Movies

Inflation adjusted domestic box office vs. Rotten Tomatoes score



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# Example 2 Graphic

#### FiveThirtyEight

¥ f



Polling averages are adjusted based on state and national polls, which means candidates' averages can shift even if no new polls have been added to this page. Read more about the methodology.

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# Example 3 Graphic



# Example 3

- What is the story this graphic is telling?
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- What additional context does this graphic provide?



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- Minimize/eliminate extraneous elements that do not serve main purpose.